

## SESSION 14

### Artificial Intelligence – Priorities for Transatlantic Joint Action to 2030

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- The development of AI is rapid and disruptive and brings both opportunities (automation, health care, transport) and challenges (jobs security, IP, data protection) to our societies.
- The essential difference between the US and the EU's policymaking applies to AI, just like other sectors, due to their different law systems and mindsets. While the US has a soft-law approach and focuses on the voluntary adoption of rules, the EU has a more prescriptive regulatory framework approach and has been working on the AI act as part of a more comprehensive strategy to make Europe fit for the digital era.
- However, at the heart of these two perspectives, there is a shared concern about the possible risks of AI applications and their different levels of harm to people, and a different approach to regulation should not prevent Transatlantic cooperation. Attempts to harmonize issues and identify shared guiding principles, e.g., human control of high-risk applications of AI, non-discrimination, democracy, ethical standards, and cybersecurity, are welcome.
- US legislators (the US National AI Commission) will monitor the success and/or pitfalls of the implementation of the EU AI Act, which will likely take another 2-3 years to become effective.
- The importance of learning lessons from other countries that have already adopted AI regulation - such as Singapore and Japan, who have adopted the soft law approach to AI and filled the gaps in their current regulations to solve issues arising from the use of AI – was highlighted.
- AI raises global challenges and risks, and global governance should come into play. Convergence with the work of international bodies who are also working on rules for AI applications (e.g., UN, Council of Europe, etc.) will be key.
- People's trust in AI was raised as a foreseeable issue due to the non-transparent process of AGI. The role of education - which will be itself revolutionized by AI - and critical thinking will be essential, especially for young people.